

PROGRESS AT GALLIPOLI IS TONED DOWN

British Official Statement Puts of Rest the Unconfirmed Rumors That Have Been in Circulation for Several Days.

PROGRESS IS MADE AGAINST THE TURKS

Serbia's Answer to Bulgaria's Wishes Said to Be in Hands of Italian Foreign Minister; Bad Weather in Poland.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The official report tonight regarding the recent operations on the Gallipoli Peninsula set at rest the rumors which have been in circulation several days crediting the British troops either with having cut off or outflanked the Turkish forces opposed to them. The report states that while ground was gained of great value, the true objective is not reached.

In the first attack, early in the month the Australians and New Zealanders reached the summit of Sari Bair and Chank Bair, commanding positions on the west coast of the peninsula, but through the failure of a new landing party at Suvla Bay to make progress, it is expected the colonials will be compelled to fall back.

Another attack was made Saturday but on this occasion, having lost the advantage of a surprise, the British could not reach the summit and were compelled to retire again. The report admits heavy British losses but adds those of the Turks must have been heavier.

Altogether the British hold a front of twelve miles along the west side of the peninsula and at some points have penetrated a considerable distance into the interior. The Turks are making a very stubborn defense but the Allies have confidence the Dardanelles will be forced before the arrival of unfavorable weather due toward the end of September.

Weather conditions are playing a part in the operations at the eastern front. It is reported the roads in Courland are softening already as the result of continued rains and that the Germans are finding it more difficult to move forward their artillery. They are still trying, however, to force back the Russians.

SERBIA'S REPLY

LONDON (Thursday), Aug. 25.—Serbia's reply to the Quadruple Entente note respecting concessions to Bulgaria was handed to Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, yesterday afternoon according to a Rome dispatch to the Daily Telegraph.

EVACUATE POSITION

LONDON (Thursday), Aug. 25.—According to the Times Petrograd correspondent, the Russians have already evacuated Blatystok but will continue to hold Grodno until the bulk of the armies of the Grand Duke have reached appointed positions east of Vilna.

Superior German Destroyer Sunk By the French

French Destroyer Meets Superior German Boat and Sinks It Before Help Could Aid in the Activity on the Sea.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—Details of the action in which a German torpedo boat destroyer was sunk by a French destroyer Sunday night, were contained in a Havre dispatch from Dunkirk. The German destroyer was more powerful than the French, the dispatch states. The commander of the French boat asked by wireless for aid. He did not wait, however, for the arrival of help, but engaged the German craft. The French boat fired first and scored a hit. She then launched a torpedo which sank her adversary. After the first shot took effect the damaged German vessel limped toward Ostend where the German coast battery fired at the pursuing destroyer but succeeded only in preventing the rescue, by the French, of the crew of the sinking German boat.

METCALF BANK ROBBED

CLIFTON, Aug. 25. (Special)—A masked man entered the State Bank at Metcalf in broad daylight today and, after locking the cashier in a closet in the rear of the room, took between \$5,000 and \$6,000 from the institution. The robber, who is thought to be an American, left in the direction of Eagle Creek. Officers immediately set out in search of the man.

The cashier of the bank is W. E. Kelly. He has relatives in Bisbee, two of his brothers being Ben and Dick Kelly. A wire was received by them last evening stating that he was unhurt in the hold-up.

SMALL HEADWAY IN COSTELLO SUIT

Slow Progress Is Made in Trial of Famous Suit; Arguments of Attorneys Take Entire Morning; Many Witnesses.

TOMBSTONE, Aug. 25. (Special)—But little headway was made in the trial of the Cunningham-Costello case this morning on account of a number of questions arising that had to be argued before the court without the presence of the jury and it was not until after eleven o'clock that the jury were called into court and were allowed to listen to any testimony in the case.

The defense this morning objected to the plaintiff putting in any testimony whatever concerning the Hattie Manchester, Supplement, Buckeye, Roy and Leo mining claims in the Warren District and also to the plaintiff introducing any testimony concerning the assignment of Julia Cunningham. In the first instance the court overruled the objection of the defense and will allow the testimony to go in regarding the mining claims, but held open the question of the introduction of the testimony of the assigned claim of Mrs. Cunningham.

The mandate sent down by the Supreme Court was rather vague in a number of instances and left the question open as to just what should be heard by the court when it ordered the new trial. The defense claimed in view of the fact that the judgment rendered by Judge Smith gave them a verdict for these five claims, that they should not be involved in the present suit. The plaintiff claimed that in view of the fact that the Supreme Court said the order of the judge in giving judgment in the case was vacated so that it left the entire matter open.

The introduction of testimony on any of the above questions will be objected to by the defense and will go in subject to their objections so that an appeal may be taken on these grounds should it become necessary.

After the conclusion of the arguments on these points, the jury was called in and up to noon the plaintiff was engaged in introducing documentary evidence in the way of mining locations, deeds, etc., covering the mining property in the Warren District that is involved in the suit.

This afternoon the first witness for the plaintiff was put on the stand. All of the witnesses for both sides were put under the rule, the witnesses for the defense being all sworn in this morning while those for the plaintiff were put under the rule yesterday.

Among the witnesses to be examined are the following: Emil Marks, Jack Graham, Tom Grady, Tom Wright, Mrs. Julia Cunningham, A. W. Howe, Joe Muirhead, Ed. Hotopp, James Letson, Dan Hanley, Mrs. Mary Costello, Pete McCoy, Peter Johnson, Angus Gilles, Wm. Davis, Alex Smith, Jas. Critchley, David Hasler, Tom Whitehead, Mrs. A. Bauer, Tom Tate, Ed. Cain, Mrs. Pennypacker, Dora Graham, Dick Todd, James Barrett, James Campbell, James McHugh, Pat J. McNelis, Chas. McHenry, Andrew Smith and Dan Huddy.

Besides these the depositions of a number of witnesses in Michigan, California and other places will be read. There is but little chance of the case being concluded this week according to the views expressed by parties interested in the case as none of the witnesses had been placed on the stand until this afternoon, this contention will no doubt be borne out.

The court room is filled with spectators who are interested in watching the progress of the case, as both sides have their friends and acquaintances in this city and wish to watch every move made as well as listen to the arguments of the counsel on matters that arise during the trial of the case.

MEXICANS TO CROSS LINE IS RUMOR

Commander at Fort Bliss Takes Steps to Anticipate Any Crossing of Mexicans to the United States Side of Boundary.

ASK GONZALEZ FOR DETAILS ON MEXICO

Villa Forces Reported Routed in Southern Sonora; Colonel Carranza Skirts Hermosillo to Form Junction with Flores.

EL PASO, Aug. 25.—Following the rumor that a large body of Mexicans was preparing to cross the border, troops of the Sixth and Sixteenth Infantry were hurriedly recalled from temporary leaves of absence late tonight and ordered to report immediately at Fort Bliss. A special guard was stationed at the city police station. General Hugh Scott, Chief of Staff, General John Pershing Brigade Commander here and George Carothers, special agent for the State Department, went into a conference at a local hotel a few minutes after the order was issued. They refused to make any statements.

After a conference which representatives of the Department of Justice General Pershing said:

"A man came to us with a story of another uprising of Mexicans of Huerta, Carranza and 'Colorado' factions operating under the title of Nationalists. Later he seemed to have substantiated his story. I ordered troops to the camps as a precautionary measure, not caring to take chances. I had three hundred men at the bridge, and watched along the river." In connection with the military preparations it was learned notification was given city and county authorities with the result that the police have taken extra precautions. Up to a late hour soldiers are being hurried to camps in automobiles.

HAVE WIRED GONZALES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Carranza agents in Washington have wired General Gonzales at Mexico City for a detailed report on the food and health situation in the capital. Recent dispatches from Mexico City quoted American Red Cross agents as saying there were daily many deaths from starvation. This statement aroused the Carranza authorities who claim to have made every possible effort to relieve the distress. The Gonzales report is expected tomorrow. No change in the present situation is reported. The State Department will continue to await Carranza's reply to the Pan-American appeal for a peace conference.

VILLA TROOPS DEFEATED

DOUGLASS, Aug. 25.—The Villa forces, under General Gaxiola at Huatabampo, Sonora, which is said to comprise the remaining Villa troops in Southern Sonora, and Northern Sinaloa, were defeated Monday by General Flores, the Carranza commander, according to a message received here.

The message stated that sixty Villa soldiers were killed in the engagement, and eighty wounded or captured. The Flores advance guard is reported at Torin, and slowly advancing toward Guaymas.

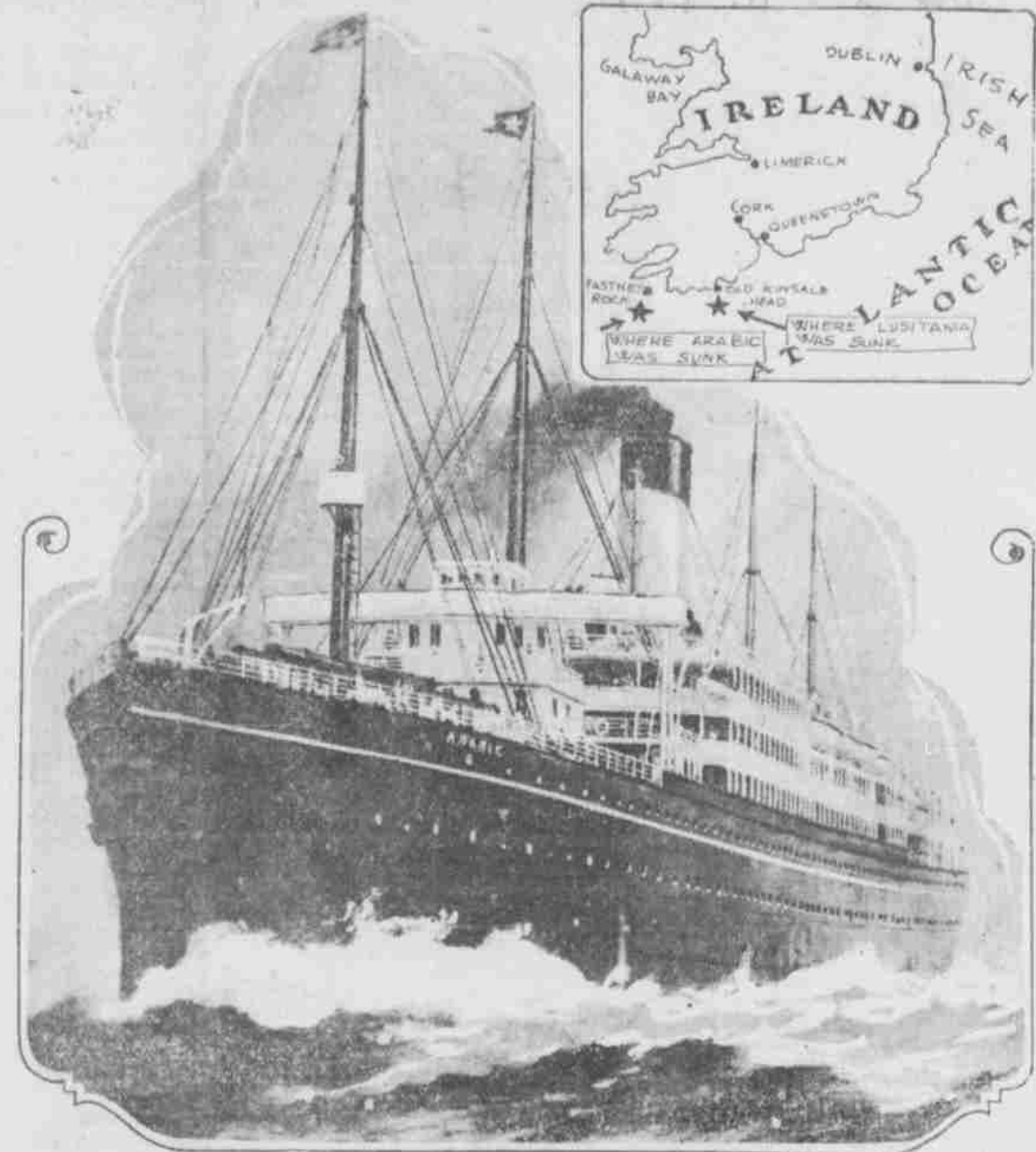
At Agua Prieta it is reported the cavalry force of 600 men under Colonel Carranza, which recently captured Imuris and Magdalena skirted Hermosillo eastward and made its way southward to form a junction with Flores for a campaign against Villa troops in the Yaqui Valley, Guaymas and Hermosillo.

Night Riders Go On Trial In Court of Ohio

Sixty Go on Trial in Southern Ohio for Night Riding Activities; Two Plead Guilty When Court Opens; Are Sentenced.

HARTFORD, Kentucky, Aug. 25.—The long struggle of the authorities with lawlessness in this portion of western Kentucky culminated in the Ohio County Circuit Court when more than three score persons were placed on trial for alleged participation in night riding outrages. When the court adjourned two men had pleaded (Continued on Page 5)

TORPEDOING OF ARABIC BRINGS FEAR OF FRESH COMPLICATIONS



Liner Arabic and scene of disaster. The sinking of the liner Arabic by a German submarine has caused anxiety and consternation at Washington, where fresh complications with Germany are feared, are a result of Germany's act.

GARY MURDER IS TIME IS GIVEN SUPERFLUITY OF PUZZLE TO POLICE HAITI ON EXECUTIVE IS TREATY EXPENSIVE

Murder of Preacher in Suburb Near Gary, Indiana, Causes Federal and State Officers to Hunt for Possible Motive.

GARY, Ind., Aug. 25.—The federal and state authorities tonight are endeavoring to establish a motive for the murder of Rev. Edmund Kayser, pastor of the St. James Evangelical Lutheran Church at Tolleston, a suburb of Gary, who was shot and killed at his home late last night by several persons who bound the body with a cord and left it in a nearby lot.

Postmaster Snyder advanced the theory that the preacher's tragic end was the culmination of a series of anonymous letters he had received warning him to cease his attentions to a woman in Gary. The woman denied any relations with the pastor. Less credence is apparently given by officials to the theory that Kayser was killed because of his pro-Germanism. His private and public utterances favored the Germanic pretensions of the war.

Several months ago Kayser turned over to me a batch of threatening letters," said Postmaster Snyder. "The letters warned him to cease his attentions to the Gary woman. Postal inspectors questioned the woman who denied having any relations with the pastor."

Chief of Police Holm ordered the Gary woman to be questioned. Kayser was shot in the chest and through the jugular vein. His death was due to loss of blood, according to the coroner. Presumably dying, he was dragged forty feet away from the light of the windows of his home, and tied with window cords about the wrists and ankles. He had been dead more than an hour when his body was discovered.

WISH TO CONFER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Conferees with financiers who are supervising the purchases of war munitions in the United States for the Allies, will be sought by officials of the metal trade unions in their efforts to obtain shorter hours and improved conditions for employees in munition plants.

This step was determined upon by executive officials of the metal trades division of the American Federation of Labor in session here. An effort will be made to arrange a conference in New York next week.

Extension of Time Is Given Parliament of Island Republic to Consider Treaty Which U. S. Proposes to Confirm.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Word came from Port au Prince that Charge Davis, of the American legation, had extended until tomorrow night the time for action by the Haitian parliament on the proposed treaty to establish for ten years an American financial protectorate over the island republic.

Noon today had been fixed by the Charge as the time by which he would expect the approval of the treaty draft submitted by the United States. The Haitians protested vigorously however against such a limit on debate in parliament and an extension was granted.

Lansing made a statement explaining the purpose of the United States in proposing and pressing a treaty with Haiti at this time. He said the Washington government was acting from wholly disinterested motives to save the little republic from ruin through the never-ending activities of so-called revolutionists for whom the country's revenues offered the spoils.

The Secretary declared there was no foundation for reports that the proposed convention would give the United States the Mole of St. Nicholas as a naval base. While Lansing did not discuss the treaty it is known that it provides for American agents in charge of the ten custom houses, three of which are those at Port au Prince, Cape Haitien and St. Marc, already taken over by Rear Admiral Caperton.

HAITI MORE TRANQUIL

PORT AU PRINCE, Aug. 25.—The Government and Congress having threatened to resign if the American government refused to permit of a discussion of the proposed treaty which will allow the United States ten years control over the island government's finances, Washington has agreed to a discussion in the convention. The population which has been agitated is now more tranquil.

S. S. PERSIA SOLD

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—The Pacific Mail liner Persia, the sixth and last of the large vessels, is reported sold to the Toyo Kaisha Oriental Steamship Company.

Governor Hammond of Minnesota Says Great Expense and Little Efficiency Attaches to Executive Boards.

FLAGSHIP WYOMING OFF BOSTON LIGHT, Aug. 25.—From the after deck of the Wyoming the governors and former governors, representing about one-half the states of the Union had what for the greater number was the first view of a considerable portion of the American navy. As the guests of Secretary Daniels they shared the review of the Atlantic Fleet as it moved in stately procession through Massachusetts Bay. They also saw the theoretical repulse of an attack by a destroyer flotilla by dreadnaughts.

While the governors and guests were absorbed in interesting and beautifully executed maneuvers of the big dreadnaughts, a destroyer flotilla suddenly appeared, and with a dash that thrilled the spectators made an attack on the east end of the battleship line from ahead.

After the larger vessels counted the attack the destroyers drew off to the southwest. Later the battleships escorted the Wyoming until Gloucester was approached when all but the flagship headed eastward, and steamed toward the southern drill grounds off the Virginia Capes, for target practice.

BOSTON, Aug. 25.—Governor Win-

field S. Hammond, of Minnesota, who addressed the Governors Conference here today on "Efficiency and Economy in State Government," said that one reason for the present lack of efficiency was that, in effect, most states have several governors instead of one. Enumerating the various state commissions and boards which have come into being as a part of the executive department of a state administration, he said:

"All this has resulted in giving the state not one governor but a number of governors, one of whom is elected the others appointed by various boards and commissions. The governor of the state bears about the same relationship to many of these boards as he bears to the courts, and it is (Continued on Page Five)

NEXT GERMAN NOTE WILL BE CHANGE IN TUNE

President Learns From Authoritative Source That the German Government Will Make Things Right in Arabic Case.

VON JAGOW CONFERS WITH U. S. AMBASSADOR

German Government Does Not Wish an Open Rupture With United States; People Do Not Appreciate Gravity of Situation

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The President has been informed, unofficially, from sources close to Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that the next communication from Berlin on the sinking of the Arabic will be of a character satisfactory to the United States. Coming so close to the telegram that the ambassador forwarded the State Department yesterday by the direction of his government, declaring it was not the intention of Germany that any American lives should be sacrificed, this development is regarded as indicating that Germany will make some proposal to satisfy the United States respecting the submarine attacks of purely passenger-carrying nature.

Officials are at loss to conjecture what the German government will propose but assurances that there is every desire in Berlin to avoid a break with the United States relieved the situation very much.

Heretofore Germany has contended that neutral lives could not incur a belittlement ship against an attack especially those carrying munitions. In its reply to the first Lusitania note Germany proposed to designate certain ships which will be guaranteed against attack but the American government flatly rejected that proposal. Officials are eager to know what position Germany will now take without surrendering her contended right to submarine warfare against the enemy's commerce.

The aim of the President and all the administration officials is to avoid a rupture with Germany by doing so without any surrender of neutral rights for which the United States has been contending in the name of international law, and humanity. This was reflected by officials, informally while discussing this latest phase of the situation. They are hopeful that a disagreement of the submarine commander's net in sinking the Arabic without warning will be forthcoming but the administration is ready to listen to Berlin's next word.

BERLIN VERSION

BERLIN, Aug. 25.—While the situation regarding the case of the Arabic, by means of the clear indications noticeable of the belief that a moderate amount of optimism regarding the case is well justified, that a way will be found out of the entanglement even should it be established the steamer was torpedoed without warning—the assumption which the German government as yet is in lack of any official report on the subject, and has no reason to accept.

The newspapers and public seem hardly to have awakened to the nature of the situation. Between the divergent views of Theodore Roosevelt and William Bryan which they had given today, they find little enlightenment regarding the real state of American opinion. The Foreign Office, however, evidently is fully aware of the delicate nature of the situation and is disposed to avoid a crisis.

GERARD TALKS

BERLIN, Aug. 25.—Ambassador Gerard, at two this afternoon, received a request from Foreign Minister von Jagow to call upon him, and left a luncheon party to respond to the invitation. The ambassador conferred for half an hour with the Foreign Minister. Gerard afterwards would say nothing regarding the conversation.

ADD WILL MAKE REPARATION

BERLIN, Aug. 25.—If the commander of the German submarine exceeded his instructions in sinking the Arabic the German government will give full satisfaction to the United States, Chancellor von Bethmann-Holweg informed the Associated Press correspondent in an interview this evening.